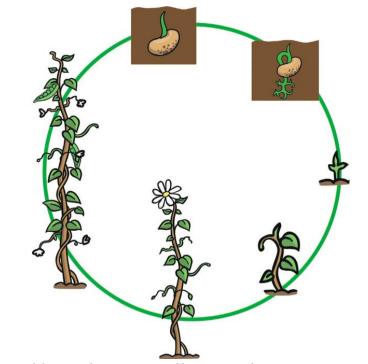
Key Stage 1 - Forest Academy Knowledge organíser – Plants

Know how to...

- identify and name a variety of common trees
- perform simple tests
- identify and describe the basic structure of a plant
- identify and name a variety of common flowering plants

Life Cycle of a Bean Plant

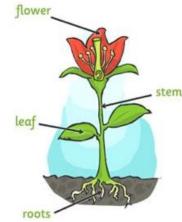


- The broad bean plant starts off as a seed.
- After 2 to 3 days shoots begin to appear, as well as the roots. The seedling continues to grow and a stem and leaves appear.
- Eventually the plant produces flowers.
- After that, the bean plant produces pods of beans.

Key Vocabulary

parts that grow out from the tree trunk and have
leaves, flowers, or fruit growing on them
a root shaped like an onion that grows into a
flower or plant
a tree that loses its leaves in the autumn every
year
a tree or bush which has green leaves all the year
round
the part of a plant which is often brightly coloured
and grows at the end of a stem
the parts of a tree or plant that are flat, thin, and
usually green
thin coloured or white parts which form part of the
flower
a living thing that grows in the earth and has a
stem, leaves, and roots
the parts of a plant that grow under the ground
the small, hard part from which a new plant
grows
the thin, upright part of a plant on which the
flowers and leaves grow
a tall plant that has a hard trunk, branches, and
leaves
the large main stem from which the branches
grow
a wild plant that grows in the garden and prevents
the plants that you want from growing properly



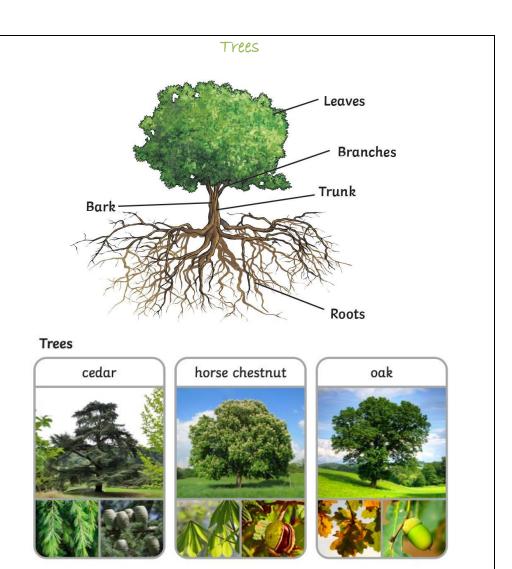


Parts of a Plant Roots – take in the water and nutrients.

Stem– holds the plant up and carries the water to the leaves and flower

Leaf – catch sunlight to turn into food

Flowers – attract insects and birds for pollination.



- Some trees are **deciduous**, which means they lose their leaves in the autumn. Common examples are oak, ash, birch and maple trees,
- Some trees are **evergreen**, which means they keep their leaves all year round. Common examples are cedar and holly trees.